

Steve Christenson, CISP, CHSP Executive Vice President www.ascensus.com





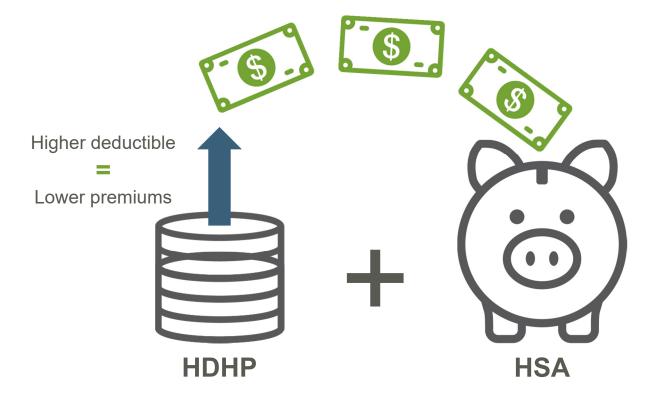
Learning Objectives

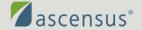
- Review the basics of HDHPs and HSAs
- Identify employer-based health care trends
- Recognize the differences in spending accounts
- Understand how the HSA works
- Realize what opportunities there are in the HSA marketplace
- Discover how versatile the HSA can be





Shift to Consumer-Directed Healthcare









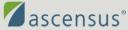
Minimum deductible



Maximum out-of-pocket



Permitted to pay preventive care costs



What is a Health Savings Account (HSA)?





Not a use-it-or-lose-it account



Triple tax advantages



Pay for qualified medical expenses



Additional HSA Eligibility Requirements





Generally not covered by another nonHDHP



Not enrolled in Medicare



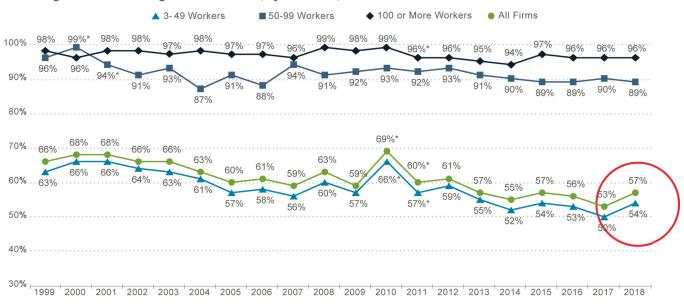
Not eligible to be claimed as a dependent





Employers Offering Health Insurance

Percentage of Firms Offering Health Benefits, by Firm Size, 1999-2018



^{*} Estimate is statistically different from estimate for the previous year shown .

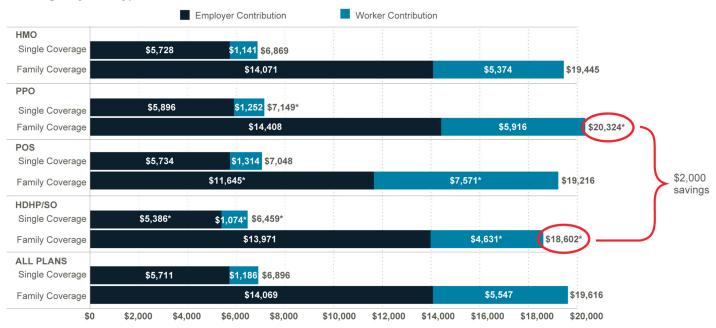
NOTE: Estimates are based on sample of both firms that completed the entire survey and those that answered just one question about whether they offer health benefits.

Source: "Employer Health Benefits 2018 Annual Survey", Henry J. Kaiser Family Foundation, October 3, 2018, https://www.kff.org/report-section/2018-employer-health-benefits-survey-summary-of-findings



Increase in Premiums

Average Annual Worker and Employer Premium Contributions and Total Premiums for Single and Family Coverage, by Plan Type, 2018



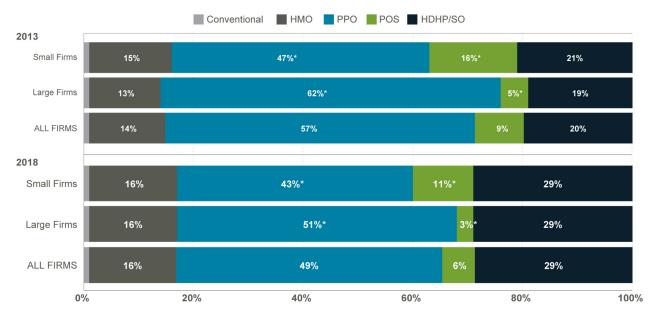
^{*} Estimate is statistically different from All Plans estimate within coverage type.

Source: "Employer Health Benefits 2018 Annual Survey", Henry J. Kaiser Family Foundation, October 3, 2018, https://www.kff.org/report-section/2018-employer-health-benefits-survey-summary-of-findings



Rise of HDHPs

Distribution of Health Plan Enrollment for Covered Workers, by Plan Type and Firm Size, 2013 and 2018



^{*}Enrollment in plan type is statistically different between Small Firms and Large Firms within year.

NOTE: HMO = health maintenance organization. PPO = preferred provider organization. POS = point-of-service plan. HDHP/SO is high deductible health plan with a savings option, such as an HRA or HSA. Small Firms have 3-199 workers and Large Firms have 200 or more workers.

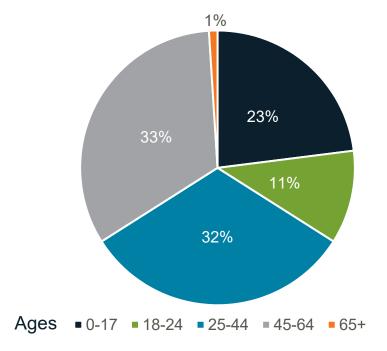
Source: "Employer Health Benefits 2018 Annual Survey", Henry J. Kaiser Family Foundation, October 3, 2018, https://www.kff.org/report-section/2018-employer-health-benefits-survey-summary-of-findings



HDHP Coverage

2017

- Millennials are natives to HDHPs/HSAs.
- 66% of all HDHP-covered individuals are under age 45
- 33% of all HDHP-covered individuals are approaching retirement



Source: "Health Savings Accounts and Consumer-Directed Health Plans Grow as Valuable Financial Planning Tools", AHIP Center for Policy and Research, April 12, 2018, https://www.ahip.org/search/?q=Health Savings Accounts and Consumer-Directed Health Plans Grow as Valuable Financial Planning Tools



Differences in Spending Accounts

	Health Savings Account (HSA)	Flexible Spending Arrangement (FSA)	Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA)
Who can make contributions?	EmployerHSA Owner/EmployeeOthers	EmployerEmployee	Employer
How are contributions made?	Direct deposit (employer)Payroll deduction (employee)Branch/on-line deposit	 Payroll deduction (employee) Employer contribution NOTE: Employer holds funds until claim is made 	Employer allocates dollars toward future employee claims. Does not require contributions to a separate account.
How are contributions taxed?	 Employer contributions treated as business expense and tax-free to employee Employee payroll deduction reduces taxable wages Other contributions deducted as part of MAGI calculation 	 Employer contributions treated a business expense Employee payroll deduction reduces taxable wages 	Employer deducts claim payments as business expense; reimbursements are not taxable to employee



	Health Savings Account (HSA)	Flexible Spending Arrangement (FSA)	Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA)
Annual funding limits (2019 and 2020)	 Self coverage: \$3,500 (2019), \$3,550 (2020) Family coverage: \$7,000 (2019), \$7,100 (2020) 	\$2,700 per employee	Determined by employer; no set limit
Annual funding deadlines	Employee's tax filing deadline (generally April 15)	Last payroll of the plan year	Does not apply. Employer guaranteed amounts available on first day of plan year
Who can access funds and how?	HSA owner and designees may access available dollars at discretion	Employees may access funds up to targeted contribution amount at any time	Employees may access the entire "guaranteed" amount at any time



	Health Savings Account (HSA)	Flexible Spending Arrangement (FSA)	Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA)
What expenses may be reimbursed?	 IRS-qualified medical expenses may be reimbursed tax-free Nonqualified expenses considered ordinary income; 20% penalty tax if under age 65) 	IRS-qualified expenses only Nonqualified expenses make all reimbursements taxable	 IRS-qualified expenses only Nonqualified expenses make all reimbursements taxable
Proving a qualified expense	 HSA owner self reports through own tax filing (1099-SA) HSA owner retains receipts in case audited in future 	Employer may require receipts or use of approved debit cards	Employer may require receipts or use of approved debit cards

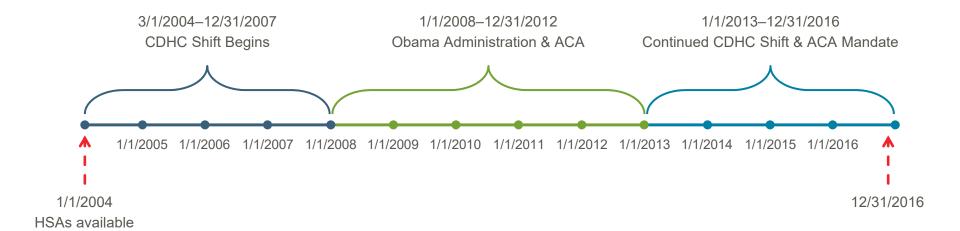


	Health Savings Account (HSA)	Flexible Spending Arrangement (FSA)	Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA)
Can the account be invested in mutual funds and other investment options?	Yes, similar to IRAs	No	No
Does the owner/employee receive interest or investment growth	Yes, growth is tax-deferred while in account. Becomes tax-exempt if used for qualified medical expenses	No	No



The History of the HSA

HSA History





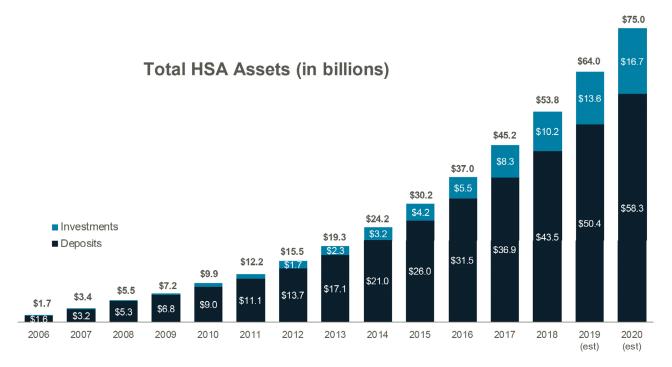
HSA Growth



Source: "2018 Year-End HSA Market Statistics & Trends Executive Summary," Devenir Research, February 27, 2019, https://www.devenir.com/wp-content/uploads/2018-Year-End-Devenir-HSA-Research-Report-Executive-Summary.pdf



HSA Asset Growth



Source: "2018 Year-End HSA Market Statistics & Trends Executive Summary," Devenir Research, February 27, 2019, https://www.devenir.com/wp-content/uploads/2018-Year-End-Devenir-HSA-Research-Report-Executive-Summary.pdf



Current HSA Statistics



25 million HSAs (12/31/18)



surpassed 3 billion in 2018

HSA assets



Average balance of HSA accounts that include investments

\$14,617



\$10.2 billion invested in

nondepository accounts

Source: "2018 Year-End HSA Market Statistics & Trends Executive Summary," Devenir Research, February 27, 2019, https://www.devenir.com/wp-content/uploads/2018-Year-End-Devenir-HSA-Research-Report-Executive-Summary.pdf



HSA Contributions

2017

Average annual **employer** contribution to employee's HSA: **\$604 - 21%** of all contributions

Average annual **employee** contribution: **\$1,921 - 63%** of all contributions

Average annual **individual** contribution: **\$1,475 - 14%** of all contributions





2018

Average annual **employer** contribution to employee's HSA: **\$839 – 26%** of all contributions

Average annual **employee** contribution: **\$1,872 - 57%** of all contributions

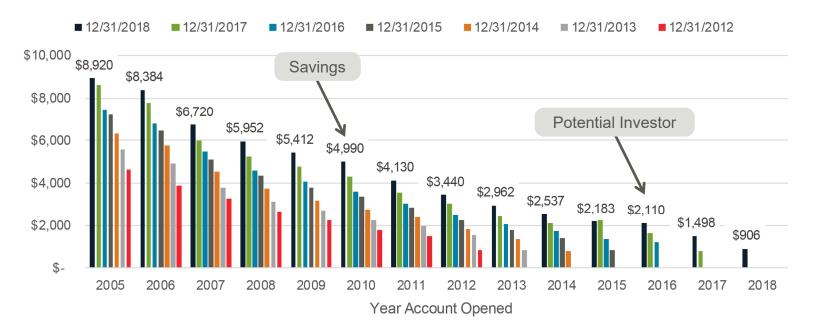
Average annual **individual** contribution: **\$1,723 - 13%** of all contributions

Sources: "2018 Year-End HSA Market Statistics & Trends Executive Summary," Devenir Research, February 27, 2019, https://www.devenir.com/wp-content/uploads/2018-Year-End-Devenir-HSA-Research-Report-Executive-Summary.pdf.

"2017 Year-End HSA Market Statistics & Trends Executive Summary," Devenir Research, February 22, 2019, https://www.devenir.com/wp-content/uploads/2017-Year-End-Devenir-HSA-Market-Research-Report-Executive-Summary.pdf.



Average HSA Balances



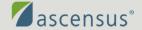
Source: "2018 Year-End HSA Market Statistics & Trends Executive Summary," Devenir Research, February 27, 2019, https://www.devenir.com/wp-content/uploads/2018-Year-End-Devenir-HSA-Research-Report-Executive-Summary.pdf







- Importance of "Day 1"
- Cost savings
- Tax advantage
- Covers wide range of expenses
- Flexible
- No use-it-or-lose-it rule
- Portable



Eligible Individuals



Covered by an HDHP



Generally not covered by another nonHDHP



Not enrolled in Medicare



Not eligible to be claimed a dependent



HDHP Requirements

Minimum Annual Deductible	2019	2020
Self-Only Coverage	\$1,350	\$1,400
Family Coverage	\$2,700	\$2,800
Maximum Annual Out-of-Pocket	2019	2020
Maximum Annual Out-of-Pocket Self-Only Coverage	2019 \$6,750	2020 \$6,900



Establishing an HSA

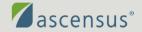




Why Ownership Is Important

Account owner determines

- How much is contributed to the HSA
- When contributions are made
- When to take distributions (including later reimbursements)
- Where the HSA is maintained (may be driven by employer for employer contributions and payroll deductions)
- When to invest HSA assets



HSA Contribution Limits

Regular Contributions	2019	2020
Self-Only Coverage Annual Limit	\$3,500	\$3,550
Family Coverage Annual Limit	\$7,000	\$7,100



Catch-Up Contributions



Age 55 or older by December 31



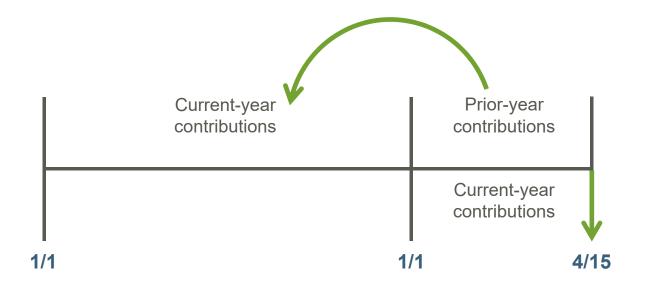
Contributions may be prorated



Each spouse with family coverage is eligible to contribute to own HSA



Annual Contribution Deadline

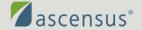




HSA Distributions

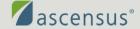


Payable on demand



Qualified Distributions



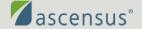


Qualified Distributions

Medical expenses that are

- Incurred or paid by HSA owner, spouse, or dependents
- Incurred after HSA established (Day 1)
- Not covered by insurance





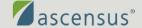
Qualified Distributions

 Allowed to pay for qualified medical expenses even if spouse or dependents are not HSA-eligible

HSA owner determines if qualified

SAVE RECEIPTS!





Penalty Tax Exceptions







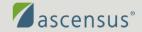
Age 65



Penalty Tax Exceptions

Insurance premiums – HSA assets generally cannot be used to pay insurance premiums. Exceptions include

- Actively receiving unemployment income
- COBRA continuation coverage
- Medicare premiums (direct pay or reimbursement)
 - Medicare supplemental policies are not eligible as qualified expenses
- Long-term care insurance



HSA Distributions

Withdrawal Methods	% Total Withdrawals	Average Transaction	
Debit Card	88%	\$104	
Check	2%	\$322	
Online Bill Pay	3%	\$260	
ATM	4%	\$68	
Unknown	3%	\$202	
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Source: "2018 Year-End HSA Market Statistics & Trends Executive Summary," Devenir Research, February 27, 2019, https://www.devenir.com/wp-content/uploads/2018-Year-End-Devenir-HSA-Research-Report-Executive-Summary.pdf



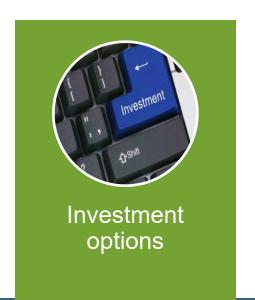


HSA as a "Medical IRA"?





Ability to pay out of pocket now and reimburse later when funds are needed/desired (aka retirement)





Where Are the Correlations?

	(IRA)	HSA
Can be used either for retirement or qualified medical expenses	/	~
Can benefit individuals working beyond normal retirement age	/	/
Can house same investments	/	/
Appeals to: • baby boomers • generation X • millennials	~	~



The First 10 Years

1975 IRA Data	1985 IRA Data	Increase
1.2 million tax returns reported deductible IRA contributions	16.2 million tax returns reported deductible IRA contributions	15 million
\$1.4 billion deductible contributions reported	\$38.2 billion deductible contributions reported	36.8 billion

2005 HSA Data	2015 HSA Data	Increase
Approximately 800,000 accounts	Approximately 16 million accounts	15.2 million
1 million HDHPs	20 million HDHPs	19 million
\$1.7 billion in total assets	\$30.2 billion in total assets	28.5 billion

Source: "2018 Year-End HSA Market Statistics & Trends Executive Summary," Devenir Research, February 27, 2019, https://www.devenir.com/wp-content/uploads/2018-Year-End-Devenir-HSA-Research-Report-Executive-Summary.pdf



HSA and 401(k) Plan Face Off

When it comes to healthcare expenses in retirement, which is the better contender?



HSA for X the Win

- May be invested (just like 401(k) plans)
- · Are nontaxable distributions (if used for qualified medical expenses



Gina's spending power for qualified medical expenses during retirement

\$1,083,470

- · Are taxable when distributed



Tommy's spending power during retirement (after paying taxes on 401(k) plan

\$780,098

The New Discussion for **Employer Benefits**

New questions during open enrollment

- Where should I place my deferral dollars first?
- Is there an employer contribution?
- Am I anticipating any critical expenses?
- How and when can I access funds?
- How can I increase contributions?
- Can I have multiple HSAs?
- Can I only make contributions through payroll?



HSA Versatility

- Additional retirement tax savings
- HSA dollars used for medical expenses/Medicare premiums not taxable/not includable in income (age 65 or later)
- Distributions in retirement will not affect taxability of Social
 Security benefits (Traditional IRA and 401(k) plan distributions will)

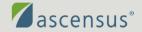
Single Filer Combined Income	Married Filing Joint Combined Income	Benefits Subject to Taxation
\$25,000 or less	\$32,000 or less	0%
Between \$25,000 and \$34,000	Between \$32,000 and \$44,000	Up to 50%
Greater than \$34,000	Greater than \$44,000	Up to 85%



HSA Versatility

Deduction for those who would not otherwise get one for their retirement plan contributions

- Deduction for individuals who cannot make deductible contributions to a Traditional IRA (nondeductible Traditional IRA contributions)
- Deduction for individuals who prefer to defer into Roth-based retirement plans (401(k) plan or IRA)
 - Tax-exempt growth maintained
 - Contribution may be tax-exempt



HSA Marketplace Opportunities

Opportunities

- Round out your product continuum
- Millennial-friendly product
- Deepen relationships with existing clients
- Noninterest revenue streams
 - Interchange fees on card swipes
 - Account fees
- Small business relationships
- Partner with local sellers of HDHPs to employers



Identify the HSA Owner Types

- HSA user: contributes extra each year and uses for ongoing medical expenses throughout year
 - Immediate tax breaks help them save now
- HSA saver: contributes close to or at maximum with minimum usage
 - Immediate tax breaks help save now
 - Funds that carry over provide emergency savings necessary for unexpected and expected future medical expenses
- HSA investor: contributes maximum and never uses
 - Immediate tax breaks help save now
 - Investments generate tax-free growth and assist in retirement planning



Employer Market Trends Affecting HSAs

Small businesses represent greatest opportunity (between 10 and 99 employees)

 Mid-sized businesses shifting from managed care to HDHP (between 100 and 999 employees)

 Large employer seeking to switch from HRAs to HSAs (between 1,000 and 4,999 employees)

 Corporations focus on increasing participation in existing HSA programs (5,000 or more employees)















Healthcare Broker Preferences

Healthcare brokers prefer to sell an integrated HDHP/HSA solution at a rate of 61%. Overcome potential objections:

Why an integrated solution

- Cost efficiencies
- Pricing bundling opportunities
- One key contact
- Functionality between products
- Flexibility in plan design
- Better service and support
- Ease of administration
- Streamlined customer service

Why an independent solution

- Flexibility to change HDHP without affecting HSA usage
- Best-in-class solution
- Potential for HSA innovation
- Reduce risk with only one provider
- Price leverage
- Security

Source: "2017 Alegeus Broker and Employer CDH Insights Report Explores Key Stakeholder Insights," Alegeus, 2017, www.alegeus.com/insights/research-reports/2017-alegeus-broker-employer-research-report-explores-key-stakeholder-insights.



Initial Targets

Focus on current client base who knows you and then expand to outside referrals and contacts; employers with 100 employees or less.

- Current clients (build and develop referral system)
- Retail
- Manufacturing
- Service
- Sole proprietors

The goal is to sell business owners on the HSA benefits for themselves, then to attract and retain employees.



Important Employer Concepts

- Become the anchor HSA provider for the employer; provide key benefits to employer and your organization
- Employer should be able to elect to pay any minimum balance monthly fees for the employee
- Employer contributions can reduce employee anxiety when considering the deductible aspect of the health plan



Important Employer Concepts

- Employer can elect to change insurance providers without changing HSA providers
 - Employees do not need to deal with multiple HSAs and new fees (if applicable)
 - Payroll process can remain unchanged
 - Financial organization retains HSA owners

NOTE: Not all health insurance brokers are pleased with the bundled HSA/HDHP products. Build your network.



Expected Support from HSA Partner

Employers look at their provider to supply or support them in communicating with their employees.

The following list illustrates where an employer would seek assistance.

- Human resources and/or employee training sessions 41%
- Outsourcing of employee communications 35%
- Consultation on communication strategies 30%
- Turn-key communication plans 26%
- Customizable marketing and communication templates 24%

Source: "2017 Alegeus Broker and Employer CDH Insights Report Explores Key Stakeholder Insights," Alegeus, 2017, www.alegeus.com/insights/research-reports/2017-alegeus-broker-employer-research-report-explores-key-stakeholder-insights.



Ensuring HSA Program Success

Reasons Why HSA Balances Don't Grow

- Account usage
 - Revolving HSA
 - FSA user
 - HSA user
- New accounts
- Multiple accounts
 - Employer selects provider for payroll
 - Employees transfer for better rates/service/features
 - Employees transfer for better investment options
- Inertia



Educating Employees

According to a recent survey by Bank of America Merrill Lynch, 76% of employees say they understand how an HSA works...

but only 12% could correctly identify the common attributes of an HSA!

Source: "2018 Workplace Benefits Report," Bank of America Merrill Lynch, July 2018, https://www.bofaml.com/content/dam/boamlimages/documents/articles/ID18 0771/2018 wbrbrochure arsrir96.pdf



Education is the key to understanding HSAs

Were You Aware That You Could Invest Your HSA?



Source: "2018 WEX Health Clear Insights Report: Easing Workers' Concerns About the Rising Cost of Heathcare," WEX Health, 2018, health clear insights report.pdf?
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To Be Successful

- Ensure compliant and efficient operations are in place
 - Educate staff
 - Audit transactions internally
 - Ensure employer process is easy to use
 - Be available for questions (branch/call center/web/chat)
 - Understand when resource increases will be needed
- Educate employer and employee (both are your customer)
 - Strong enrollment materials and potential on-site or web-based educations
 - Go beyond enrollment





To Be Successful

- Public education through your web site
 - Current customers can help drive employer referrals
- Have larger long-term health and benefit discussion
- Stay in touch
- Build referrals
- Keep up to date on legislative and regulatory changes







Questions?

Thank you for attending

Maximizing Your HSA Business Opportunities





We Appreciate Your Opinion

Please complete the electronic course survey for this course located on the Ascend 2019 mobile app.



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